

# THE CAUCASIAN.

VOL. XVI.

RALEIGH, N.C., THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1898.

NO. 14

## W. J. BRYAN FOR CO-OPERATION.

### WHY SILVER DEMOCRATS, POPULISTS AND SILVER REPUBLICANS SHOULD CO-OPERATE.

The Parties Opposed to the Sale of the Gold Ring and Allied Trusts and Monopolies Should Maintain Their Separate Organizations and Co-operate Against the Common Enemy.

The following important and significant signed statement from Mr. Bryan is taken from the New York Journal:

"While it is always difficult to secure harmonious co-operation between distinct and separate political organisations, there are times when this co-operation is both wise and necessary. In the campaign of 1896 the Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans united in demanding the immediate restoration of independent bimetallism at the existing ratio of 16 to 1, and they agreed in declaring that the money question was of paramount importance at that time.

The question now arises, should these three political organizations act together in the Congressional campaign of 1898.

Those who answer no must assume the burden of proving first, that co-operation was unwise in 1896, or second, that conditions have so changed as to make unwise now what was wise then. The defeat that befell the allied forces does not prove co-operation at that time to have been unwise, unless it can be shown that one party would have been more successful than the three combined.

Co-operation does not contemplate the abandonment of party organization or the surrender of any political principles; nor is co-operation defended on the ground that the platforms of the three parties are identical. Campaigns generally turn upon a few issues, sometimes upon one, and events do much to determine which issue shall most absorb public attention.

**Mr. Bryan's Plan of Co-operation.**

If the Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans were agreed upon one but one question, that question might be important enough to justify co-operation, although the parties differed on all other subjects; but those who advocate the union of the principal reform forces against the common enemy, can point not to one, but to a number of reforms which are demanded with equal emphasis by Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans.

**FIRST—THEY ARE UNALTERABLY OPPOSED TO GOLD MONO-METALLISM.**

**SECOND—THEY DEMAND THE IMMEDIATE RESTORATION OF BIMETALLISM AT THE PRESENT RATIO BY THE INDEPENDENT ACTION OF THIS COUNCIL.**

Recent events have shown the necessity for arbitration as a means of settling difficulties between labor and capital and the Federal Government, by applying the principle to carriers engaged in interstate commerce would set a most salutary example to the States. Should those who favor arbitration, by fighting each other, deny to the laboring men this great boon?

**THIRD—THEY OPPOSE THE RETIREMENT OF THE GREENBACKS.**

**FOURTH—THEY OPPOSE THE ISSUE OF PAUPER MONEY BY NATIONAL BANKS.**

**FIFTH—THEY OPPOSE THE ISSUE OF INTEREST BEARING BONDS IN TIME OF PEACE.**

**SIXTH—THEY FAVOR THE INCOME TAX AS A MEANS OF RAISING A PART OF THE REVENUE NECESSARY TO ADMINISTER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.**

**SEVENTH—THEY FAVOR THE ABOLITION OF INJUNCTIONS.**

**EIGHTH—THEY ARE OPPOSED TO GOVERNMENT BY INJUNCTION.**

**NINTH—THEY ARE IN FAVOR OF ARBITRATION AS A MEANS OF SETTLING DISPUTES BETWEEN LABOR AND CAPITAL.**

Here are nine issues which are not only important in themselves, but are now prominently before the people. Are these reforms worth securing? These questions were submitted to the people at the last election, but they were not settled, and will not be settled until they are settled right.

**The Conspiracy of Gold and Monopoly.**

The Republican party is trying to commit the country more thoroughly to the gold standard. Even now it is endeavoring to secure legislative endorsement of the policy of paying all coin obligations in gold. It pretends to be much concerned about national honor and the public credit.

The leaders of the party know that debt is a good way to force a private debtor to settle all the requirements of the law, moral as well as statutory, when he discharges his obligation according to the terms of the contract. They know that all through the war the government, and private debtors as well, paid coin obligations in gold, although gold was worth three cents on the dollar less than silver. And yet, these leaders would accuse Abraham Lincoln of dishonesty rather than incur the displeasure of the Wall street magnates, who now control the financial policy of the Republic.

These leaders know that if the Federal Government declares its purpose to pay all coin obligations in gold, its example will be used as an argument to force gold contracts upon State and Municipal Government, and upon private citizens. These leaders know that if their scheme is carried out, the very existence of these gold obligations will be urged as a reason why bimetallism should not be restored.

If the Republicans obtain control of the Senate and House in the election of 1898, there is no doubt, that they will, by law, surrender the contract right which the government now has, to pay coin obligations in silver (of which we are large producers) and bind the nation to pay in gold (an appreciating metal, the production of which is largely controlled by England).

The Republican party will, if it obtains control of Congress in 1898, abandon the system which gives the debtor the option, and substitute a new system, which, first permits the money lenders to choose the coin of payment, and second, allows them to increase the purchasing power of the dollars which they demand, to

the impoverishment of the wealth producers of the world.

**Let Each Voter Answer These Questions.**

Should those who oppose this financial heresy, this child of greed and avarice, fight each other while the American people are bound with fetters of gold?

The administration is clearly committed to the policy of opposing independent bimetallism. Should the friends of bimetallism help the administration by fighting each other?

The Secretary of the Treasury is planning the retirement of the greenbacks. Should those who oppose retirement of greenbacks help to destroy them by fighting each other?

The administration has recommended an enlargement of the privileges and profits of national banks of issue. Should those who oppose national banks of issue strengthen the banks by fighting each other?

**Income Tax Needed.**

Our Federal taxes are collected entirely from import duties and internal revenue duties, both systems bearing more heavily upon the poor than upon the rich. The Republicans refuse to grant the relief which could be secured through an amendment to the Constitution providing for an income tax. Should those who favor an income tax oppose this new demand by fighting each other?

**Trusts Must Go.**

Trusts are being organized on every hand, and the political as well as the industrial welfare of the country is being menaced by these great aggregations of capital. Should those who oppose trusts aid in perpetuating their existence by fighting each other?

**Strikes Must Go.**

Government by injunction has, ever since the election of 1896, developed new dangers, and today threatens the existence of trial by jury. Should those who oppose injunction aid in making it a permanent part of our judicial system by fighting each other?

**Down With Governmental Injunction.**

Government by injunction has, ever since the election of 1896, developed new dangers, and today threatens the existence of trial by jury. Should those who oppose injunction aid in making it a permanent part of our judicial system by fighting each other?

**STRIKERS APPEAL FOR AID.**

Four Hundred Families Starving and Under Aid Com the Strike Must be Abandoned.

**New Bedford, Mass., Feb. 24—** An important appeal was issued today by the council of cotton mill strikers in this city, and upon the nature of the strike, it is said, will depend whether or not the strike will be successful.

The strike is being conducted under the recent reduction of wages. The appeal is addressed "To the Men and Women of New England," and ask for financial assistance to maintain the strike. It sets forth that about 2,000 men and 2,000 women, men and children are almost starving to death, and unless aid is forthcoming with in a short time the strike will have to be abandoned.

**HANCOCK REFUSES TO RESIGN.**

The Presidency of the A. & N. C. R. Mr. Bill Nott is to Perform. Said Butler.

Directors meeting of the A. & N. C. Railroad last week in New York, Hancock's resignation was asked for, but he declined, upon the claim that the directors had no authority to demand it under the charter. The resolution, however, prevailed, and Mr. Bill was notified to perform the duties of president until a new president was chosen.

**THEIR FAVOR THE ABOLITION OF INJUNCTIONS.**

The Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans who in 1896 favored the reforms which I have mentioned favor them today. There is not a prominent man of any of the parties which united in 1896 who has abandoned any of the reforms which drew the parties together.

**The Gold Syndicate and the Trusts Will be United.**

The advocates of the gold standard, the enemies of independent bimetallism, the opponents of the greenbacks, the friends of national bank notes, the defenders of trusts, the supporters of government by injunction, and those who object to arbitration and an income tax—all these will be united in uniting on the main issues, no matter how much they may differ upon minor ones.

**Shall Those Opposed Be United?**

Shall the friends of reform show less earnestness or less sagacity? Reforms are often delayed by an attempt to secure too much, while progress is usually made a little at a time. If one cherishes the hope of laying up a competency for old age, he does not refuse to save anything until he can say all that he desires of it.

He does not refuse to lay aside each day and makes it the foundation for his fortune. Society moves forward slowly. Circumstances make it possible to rise to a plane a little higher than that occupied before, and from this new vantage ground the fight is renewed for the capture of some greater height. Holland has expressed an idea which may well be applied to the unceasing contest waged by those who would improve the condition of society and promote the welfare of the human race. He says:

"Heaven is not gained by a single bound.

We build the ladder by which we rise From the lowly earth to the skies.

An mount to its summit round by round.

**We Said Let Other Issues Wait.**

Many millions of our people believe the reforms above mentioned will bring vast advantages to the producers of wealth, but whether they will, by law, surrender the contract right which the government has, to pay coin obligations in silver (of which we are large producers) and bind the nation to pay in gold (an appreciating metal, the production of which is largely controlled by England).

The Republican party will, if it obtains control of Congress in 1898, abandon the system which gives the debtor the option, and substitute a new system, which, first permits the money lenders to choose the coin of payment, and second, allows them to increase the purchasing power of the dollars which they demand, to

the blue-bird is hailed as a harbinger of Spring. It is also a reminder that a blood-purifier is needed to prepare the system for the debilitating weather to come. Listen and you will hear the birds singing: "Take, Ayer's Sarsaparilla in March, April, May."

**Strength in Union Weakens in Division.**

Attention is a means to an end, not the end itself. To secure a few things

## CHM'N BUTLER TO CHM'N YOUNG.

Why There Should be a Co-operation of Those Opposed to the Rule of the Gold Syndicate and the Allied Trusts and Monopolies in Oregon.

## BOTH PARTY AND PATRIOTISM DEMAND IT.

**Populists Will Not Submit to Another Operation Such as the One of 1896.**

**Are Willing to Join Hands on Fair and Honorable Terms of Co-operation With All Parties and Organizations who are Sincerely Opposed to the Gold Standard and the Rule of the Allied Trust and Monopolies.**

**A Way by Which the Security of Others vital Issues at Stake May be Tested.**

**The Rank and File of the Democratic Party Has Faith in Bryan and Bryanism, and Will Desert Their Organization if it Deserts Him and His Principles.**

**The following is a letter written by National Chairman Butler to State Chairman Young in reply to a letter from Mr. Young with reference to the political situation in Oregon. It explains why in the opinion of the national chairman the Peoples party should propose a fair and honorable co-operation of the reform forces in Oregon. He shows that whether the proposition is accepted or rejected how it will advance the principles of the Peoples party and thereby the party itself.**

**The letter is as follows:**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 14, 1898.

HON. JOHN C. YOUNG,

Baker City, Oregon:

MY DEAR SIR:—Your letter received,

You seem to interpret my letter to you as a letter of advice to the Populists of Oregon to fuse with the Democrats, or rather to fuse with the Democratic party, and to merge the organization to the Democrats. My letter will bear no such interpretation, and I am therefore a little surprised at the tone of your reply. I am not in favor of fusion with any party, and I am not even in favor of co-operation with any party which has become the defender and abettor of every form of political vice. In such a crisis there is no time to discuss the ultimate effect of co-operation upon any particular party. We may rest assured that the people will bestow honor where honor is due, and that they will show the greatest devotion to the welfare of the people will, in the end receive due credit for every laudable endeavor.

**Washington Post, Memphis.**

The intimation has been made that the State Democratic Committee, which meets tonight, will undertake to put on foot some scheme looking to "fusion" with some other party, and as the representative of the Democratic party, and as the representative of the Populists and the Farmers' State Alliance, I am not known only to those who have visited it. They have here about 200 acres of land, nearly in sight of the town. South of it are the Ocoee mountains, while at their base winds the little serpentine river Eno. On that empties itself into the Neuse. On that property are two nice brick buildings, one of which is two hundred and fifty feet long, three stories high, ornamented with beautiful turrets or towers. The other building is two stories high with eight nice rooms. These buildings were built before the late war by Col. T. W. who established this school as a military school. This school was in operation when the war broke out; after the war another school was started here but for some cause was discontinued. In the rear of these brick buildings are other very nice frame buildings, one of which is now used as the shoe factory. The original cost of these buildings was nearly forty thousand dollars. Near by the railroad they have about 10 acres of beautiful shaded park.

While the State Alliance was in session last August some brother

suggested that we ought to have a picnic here.

Catching on to that thought, having read something of the Pennsylvania encampments that are held every year, we thought that nothing would be more pleasant to the farmers of North Carolina than to establish here a kind of Chautauqua or encampment where our farmers, who have toiled hard and laid by their crops, could get together and have at least one week of enjoyment, and by exchange of ideas could benefit themselves.

Our idea is to have discussions daily from able men on various subjects that will instruct and edify the farmer, free from partisan politics or sectarian prejudice.

This is a great advantage of co-operation.

It is not known a Populist who would tolerate such a ticket with as great a misfit as Mr. Sewall on it, and I am sure that the great majority of the rank and file of the fair-minded voters of the Democratic party would not expect us to do so unless we put a better man up.

It is a long time in the future.

Suffice it to say that it is practically

the unanimous sentiment of the Populists, so far as I know, that there can never be another co-operation such as the one of 1896. The thing that we are most anxious about is to have the same kind of co-operation with the Democrats if they should in their next national convention go ahead and nominate a whole ticket and then expect to be elected.

It is not known a Populist who would tolerate such a ticket with as great a misfit as Mr. Sewall on it, and I am sure that the great majority of the rank and file of the fair-minded voters of the Democratic party would not expect us to do so unless we put a better man up.

It is a long time in the future.

Suffice it to say that it is practically

the unanimous sentiment of the Populists, so far as I know, that there can never be another co-operation such as the one of 1896. The thing that we are most anxious about is to have the same kind of co-operation with the Democrats if they should in their next national convention go ahead and nominate a whole ticket and then expect to be elected.

It is not known a Populist who would tolerate such a ticket with as great a misfit as Mr. Sewall on it, and I am sure that the great majority of the rank and file of the fair-minded voters of the Democratic party would not expect us to do so unless we put a better man up.

It is a long time in the future.

Suffice it to say that it is practically

the unanimous sentiment of the Populists, so far as I know, that there can never be another co-operation such as the one of 1896. The thing that we are most anxious about is to have the same kind of co-operation with the Democrats if they should in their next national convention go ahead and nominate a whole ticket and then expect to be elected.

It is not known a Populist who would tolerate such a ticket with as great a misfit as Mr. Sewall on it, and I am sure that the great majority of the rank and file of the fair-minded voters of the Democratic party would not expect us to do so unless we put a better man up.

It is a long time in the future.

Suffice it to say that it is practically

the unanimous sentiment of the Populists, so far as I know, that there can never be another co-operation such as the one of 1896. The thing that we are most anxious about is to have the same kind of co-operation with the Democrats if they should in their next national convention go ahead and nominate a whole ticket and then expect to be elected.

It is not known a Populist who would tolerate such a ticket with as great a misfit as Mr. Sewall on it, and I am sure that the great majority of the rank and file of the fair-minded voters of the Democratic party would not expect us to do so unless we put a better man up.

It is a long time in the future.

Suffice it to say that it is practically

the unanimous sentiment of the Populists, so far as I know, that there can never be another co-operation such as the one of 1896. The thing that we are most anxious about is to have the same kind of co-operation with the Democrats if they should in their next national



## THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., March 3, 1888

The Columbian Building and Loan Association's annual statement appears in this issue of THE CAUCASIAN. It is an excellent report and shows a large increase of business.

America's greatest medicine is H. Sarsaparilla, which cures when all preparations fail to do any good whatever.

The squad of State convicts which have been employed in dike work, near Goldsboro, have completed the contract and have been transferred to the new farm, at Tillery, recently leased by the State.

The first batch of the penitentiary is now working fourteen men according to the terms of the contract the convicts are furnished free of charge for the first four weeks in order to learn the machines.

The State penitentiary will be made a federal prison and all the convicts from the Southern States sentenced by United States courts will be confined here. No convicts will be held for the accommodation of the Federal prisoners. One half of the building is now occupied at present and the new cell will be put in that division for the use of the government convicts.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found a large display advertisement of the Durham branch of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, advertising their products. The company is well known to need any extensive notice at our hands, but farmers should bear in mind when buying fertilizers that not only are the Virginia-Carolina guano the equal of any on the market, but their prices are also a consideration. Please call on the Durham branch and tell them you read their advertisement in THE CAUCASIAN.

Whenever disease takes hold of a person the most natural thing to do is to treat that disease intelligently to effect a cure. A person addicted to strong drink or opium becomes disabled and succumbs unless heroic measures are adopted. Those who are suffering from the liquor or opium habit we would advise them to consult a Keeley Institute for treatment and be restored to their former self. In this paper, in another column of this issue, is an advertisement of three Keeley-institutes, either in the city or the country, the affording an effect a cure of the disease—drink. We also publish a description of the elegant "home" of the Greensboro Institute, which is under the personal management of Col. Osborne, and officiated by competent and courteous gentlemen.

### Evans Resisted.

For the third time Governor Russell last week granted a respite to the negro John Evans, now confined in the Wayne county jail under sentence of death for a nameless crime committed in the town of Rockingham last October. The respite was granted for thirty days in order to give time to him to come into new and discovered evidence. Private Secretary Alexander announced that fully 200 letters in Evans' behalf have been filed in the Executive office, in addition to some twenty-five affidavits. The Governor has not yet had time to examine these.

### GOVERNOR RUSSELL'S NEW SECRETARY.

Major Alexander, Regis as Private Secretary to the Governor and Rev. Baynes Wade succeeds him.

Mr. E. Alexander, who has been Private Secretary to Governor Daniel L. Russell, Monday tendered his resignation to His Excellency and immediately it was accepted and Rev. Baynes Wade appointed to succeed Major Alexander. Major Alexander, as a member of the Governor's staff.

Rev. Baynes Wade, the new private secretary came to North Carolina about ten or twelve years ago as pastor of the Baptist church and has established a reputation as a brilliant divine. Afterwards he invented some railroad contrivance from which he expected to make a fortune. Then he became editor of the Progressive Farmer. Afterwards he edited THE CAUCASIAN, where he was published daily during the session of the Legislature of 1865. Shortly thereafter he was appointed chaplain of the Federal prison in Kansas and has held that position until he resigned a few months ago. Mr. Wade is a bright and agreeable gentleman and we are sure to a high order, and will fill the position with credit to himself and the administration. We welcome you Bro. Wade.

THE CAUCASIAN desires to express to Major Alexander its thanks for the courtesy extended to the representatives of the paper and its success in his new home and venture.

There is more Cataract in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven cataract to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Cataract Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, W. A. WITHERS, Acting Director N. C. Export Station.

W. A. WITHERS, Acting Director N. C. Export Station.

Plenty of Mountain Ivy and Bar Root.

At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Abner Page, Corrine, Duplin Co., N. C., on Feb. 16th, Elder L. J. W. Nobles officiating. Mr. Oscar L. Ward and Dr. W. A. Witheres officiated. The bethelites of matrimony. These popular young people have a host of friends who extend their hearty good wishes for their happiness and prosperity in all worthy efforts through life.

LARGE CONTRACTS MADE.

For Advertising the Well-known and Highly Endorsed Preparation—Paine's Celery Compound.

Our readers have seen in each issue of THE CAUCASIAN the large display advertisement of Paine's Celery Compound. This well known preparation has received high praise from all who have used it. Paine's Celery Compound already enjoys a large sale, but the manufacturers propose to increase the demand for it by liberal advertisements of the recommendations they are daily receiving from people who are deriving benefit from the use of this medicine. The Wills & Richardson Co. have recently placed some large advertising contracts with the leading papers of the country. THE CAUCASIAN will continue to advertise Paine's Celery Compound, and our readers are directed to read carefully each advertisement as they appear.

Why?—Because!

Keith's Few Era!

The papers that say are not for the interests of the people and are not tools of the great railroad corporations and money power, then, when they have an opportunity, will be sure to use their rights, force, etc., by upholding the Commissioners' hands, who are now trying to bring this about, deliberately down these men, because the head politicians of their party are for these corporations—cease to be a public benefactor, but are a public curse.

The Wills & Richardson Co. have recently

placed some large advertising contracts with the leading papers of the country. THE CAUCASIAN will continue to advertise Paine's Celery Compound, and our readers are directed to read carefully each advertisement as they appear.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartics, cure constipation forever. F. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.



After....

Taking

A course of Ayer's Pills the system is set in good working order and a man begins to feel that life is worth living. He who has become the gradual prey of constipation, does not realize the friction under which he labors, until the burden is lifted from him. Then his mountains sink into molehills, his moroseness gives place to jollity, he is a happy man again. If life does not seem worth living to you, you may take a very different view of it after taking

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

### STA NEWS.

While holding court at Lillington, Harnett county, last week, Judge Timberlake had an unusual experience. In the midst of a murder trial, the floor of the court gave way in a full distance of five feet, precipitating the spectators in the court room to the ground with the wreckage. Judge Timberlake had the court house cleared and proceeded with the trial in the jury room.

News comes from Bryson City to the effect that one man was killed and another seriously wounded last week. It seems that deputy sheriff Brindle, with John Bradshaw as guard, started for Bryson City with some prisoners accused of forcible trespass. On the way they were attacked by a man of the name of Thomas, who tried to release the prisoners. The guard and the guard, Bradshaw, got into a shooting match, resulting in the death of Thomas, while Bradshaw was seriously wounded in the abdomen.

The Lumberton Robesonian says that Troy Inman, colored, was killed at Rowland, Rowan county, last Saturday. He was hauling a load of sticks, a pair of young mules being hitched to the wagon. The mules started to run away, and in trying to stop them Inman was jerked from the wagon. He fell between the mules and was kicked to death.

New Cases of Small Pox.

Last Thursday it developed that there is a case of smallpox near Gibsonville, a station on the North Carolina Railway, two miles beyond Elon College and seventeen miles this side of Greensboro.

The case reported is that of a colored man, who came from Birmingham, Alabama a few days ago. The case is not in Gibsonville, but in the county at a place between that place and Elon College.

Dr. R. H. Lewis, the Secretary of the Board of Health, was informed by wire of the appearance of two new cases of smallpox in Clay county. The two new cases developed in the family of the case that recently appeared there. This is the third case.

Very truly, E. BUTTERS.

BAYBORO, N. C., Feb. 25, 1888.

HON. W. H. WORTH, Raleigh, N. C.:

DEAR SIR—I see in last week's CAUCASIAN that my name appears as one of those who entered oyster grounds in the Pamlico Sound. I judge that you have given all the names that you have

had, but I am still ignorant of the name of my son, John F. Fenderson, as one who had entered oysters in the sound. My son has been dead for 15 years; and lots of other names of people I see in the paper who I know were dead long before '33. I hope there may be some way to investigate this whole thing.

We people here do feel proud of the stand you have taken in this matter. Yours very truly,

Wm. E. SHADE.

A Little Boy's Troubles.

My little boy has been troubled every spring for the past four or five years by an eruption covering his body and face.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—Cyrus G. Nichols, President of the Bank of Bethlehem, Philadelphia, was sentenced to seven years in prison to-day. He embezzled twenty thousand.

Last Spring I heard of Hoods Sarsaparilla, and by taking this medicine he was entirely cured—"Mrs. NETTIE RYAN,

Winchester, Va.

Hoops Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills.

For Longer School Term.

To the SUPERVISORS:

I would like for you to make especial effort among your people to have these schools open for a longer time.

Philadelphia, Feb. 28.—Cyrus G. Nichols, President of the Bank of Bethlehem, Philadelphia, was sentenced to seven years in prison to-day. He embezzled twenty thousand.

When Breeden heard the sentence he collapsed and was led away weeping.

Attacked by Armed Negroes.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 28.—The white residents of Lake City where the colored postmaster Baker was killed by a mob are to-day guarding the village from an attack by armed negroes.

Every road and path leading into the village is guarded.

Not Received with Open Arms.

The Beaufort Herald-Dispatch published the following few lines:

"Buck" Kitchen writes to the Scotland Neck Commonwealth, that sensible man have any faith in the leaders of the Populist party. And "Buck" we expect sensible people also have lost faith in you since your "famous" run of the political gamut.

Some parents are in different on the subject of education, and especially so when it must be paid for directly by them, but the majority of parents are different instead of *indifferent*, I am afraid.

How do parents decide whether their children are making progress in school or not? Do they examine into the work the children are doing? Not so; they judge by the interest the children take in their books at home. Therefore, if interest is shown, there is hope of reaching the parents.

This called forth a letter from "Buck" Kitchen, and the Dispatch goes back at him in the following:

"He, (Kitchen) wanted them, (the Populists) to give him an office, and as soon as they refused to do so, because he had not been a Populist long enough, then it was that he went to 'black-guarding' Marion Butler and Harry Skinner, the men he helped put in power.

"Buck" we do not care to question your "honesty," there is no need for us to do that. You were once elected to Congress and then it was that you acquired a reputation for "honesty" that will stick to you as close as did out little paragraph.

It is not necessary to say more to you than "the truth is known by its fruits." No Capital is more deserving of some of your good offices. If you are in earnest about wanting to do some good for your people, then you have a right to expect some results from an effort of this kind.

I trust you will make this effort regardless of what the result may be.

Very truly, C. H. MERKLE,

Sup't. Public Instruction,

SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIANS.

We heartily recommend Dr. Hathaway & Co., of 225 South Broad St. Atlanta, Ga., be it known, are remarkably successful in the treatment of chronic diseases of men and women. They cure where others fail. Our readers if in need of medical advice should certainly write these eminent doctors and you will receive a free and expert opinion of your case.

It is well worth this certainly is the right way to do business. They guarantee their cures. Write them to-day.

Keith's New Era!

Why are the Republicans and

Democrat's of the State fighting

Governor Russell in his reform for the interest of the people? Because these leaders have worked so long for the corporations that they it is a sin to oppose them, and their former teaching has become a habit with them, as well as a source of re-

### MORE ABOUT THAT PAMICO GRAB.

CONVINCING EVIDENCE THAT IT IS A GREAT FRAUD CONTINUES TO COME.

Living People Declare: They Never Made Entries—And Also, say That Parties for Whom Summons Were Written Have Been Dead for From Six to Fifteen Years.

As we foretold, the Pamico oyster case, so openly exposed by THE CAUCASIAN two weeks ago, if such a scheme as this had been concocted, would have screened it from the Democratic machine, but would not have been so easily exposed.

The CAUCASIAN has received direct reports of numerous other individuals in whose names summons were made out in order to create a big bill of costs, but the records show that they were not dead when the court was held.

Among them are the following: J. W. Rice, J. W. Miller, Harper, Lewis Wetherpoon, Christopher Lewis, Harriet Lewis, James James, Nettie Miller, M. A. Miller, Roger Biggs, John Biggs, Ben McLane, Eddie McLane, R. J. Johnson, A. Johnson, Jane Fender, R. D. McCotter (killed in 1892), T. J. Lincoln.

Bridfield's Females Regulated

is the standard remedy for the weaknesses and irregularities peculiar to women.

Bridfield's Regulator is not a mysterious mixture of mythical origin, but a standard remedy compounded in accordance with scientific principles from approved vegetable materials.

Regulator is endorsed by physicians who have examined it, and has been in successful use over a quarter of a century. It is sold by druggists at one dollar a bottle.

"Perfect Health for Women" mailed upon application.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

### Social Gaieties.

To be entertaining when one ought to be asleep. To eat sweets and salads when the stomach craves the solid food or none at all. To laugh when one wants to cry. All this and much more soon becomes a bore to the followers.

The dreadful headaches. The crushing pains in the back and loins. The blues. All such symptoms indicate serious derangements of the delicate female organism, and must be overcome at once. Remove the grippe, the doctors said I had consumption.

I had a dreadful cough and could not sleep at night. I was advised to go to a friend, and the second night my cough stopped. I took ten bottles, and I will say that I believe I would be a dead woman now if it had not been for Pe-r-u-ni. I recommend Pe-r-u-ni to New York they shall receive a bonus of \$100.

Send for a free book on "Winter Carr." Address The Pe-r-u-ni Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

The Issue is Up.

The Representative.

The address of the twenty-six Populists Congressmen, headed by Senator Butler, chairman of the party, is a document most interesting at this time. Accompanying it are addresses by the Democratic and Silver Republican committees, both equally as forceful in advocating a union of the three anti-monopoly elements, and both declaring that the abandonment of no party nor principle is asked for.

The issue is up. A document coming from such authority must be considered by the party, and especially this document which is the most interesting arrived at by the three parties represented in the tripartite manifesto.

It is my belief that the Congressmen who have entered into this proceeding, of all parties, are occupying a ground of vantage which is not possible for most of us to assume. By personal observation and contact they know the dangers to be met, and they who know can be depended upon to meet them. They know the plans of the opposition, and they undoubtedly are aware of the shortest road to success. Their position at the nation's capital gives them this undisputable advantage over those who have no means of distinguishing between friend and enemy. On the other hand, this address of the Populists is not official. It is merely the address of those who represent the party, and of their experience.

The Democratic address is endorsed by the Congressional committee, which makes it official so far as that body has power; while that of the silver Republicans, like the Populists, is signed by members of Congress.

But the importance of the tripartite manifesto, as relates to the respective primary organizations, cannot be gainsaid. It brings us face to face with the issue of union or a separate fight.

The rank and file of the three parties represented in this joint manifesto will constitute the court of final resort. The addressed come from sources which command the attention and unbiased consideration of every man in interest, in each of the three organizations.

So far as the Populist party is concerned, it should consider well every point in the address of its congressional friends, before rendering final judgment. Not since the St. Louis convention has such a far-reaching action been taken, or one that involves more to the organization. It must be met by a clear, conservative policy in every congressional district in the United States.

## Children's Corner

## Liver Pills

DALILA, N. C., Feb. 15, '98.

DEAR EDITOR:—I make my first attempt to write to the Children's Corner. I am going to school at Laurel Hill and my favorite study is arithmetic. I will ask a few questions.

What became of the chains of Columbus?

What was the under-ground of railroad?

What is the law-making body of the Federal government called?

I will close giving my success to THE CAUCASIAN.

Yours truly,

OCTAVIA SIMMONS.

DALILA, N. C., Feb. 14, '98.

MR. EDITOR:—It is again I will attempt to write to your valuable paper. Papa takes your paper, and it is gladly received in our home. We enjoy reading it. I do enjoy reading the letters from the cousins so much. I will answer Hampton Britt's question.

George Washington was born February 22, 1732, died December 14, 1799. I will answer Temple Britt's question.

It was General Lawrence that said, "Don't give up the ship."

I will ask some questions.

When was the first *star* made in North Carolina?

Who said that the first telegraph message should be?

I will close, best wishes for THE CAUCASIAN and cousins.

Your friend,

ROSA POPE.

DALILA, N. C., Feb. 16, '98.

MR. EDITOR:—I will attempt to write to your paper again. I enjoy reading the cousins letters very much. I am going to school at Laurel Hill. I like to go to school very much, and I hope the rest of the cousins do. I will ask the cousins some questions.

What President of the United States fought King Philip?

What is the Bunker Hill built?

What was the Swamp Angels?

What for and how long was Jefferson Davis imprisoned?

I will close wishing THE CAUCASIAN much success.

DALILA, N. C., Feb. 15, '98.

MR. EDITOR:—It is once more I will attempt to write to your paper. My father continues to take your paper and I enjoy reading the letters from the cousins. I will ask the cousins some questions.

What General was called fighting Joe?

What General was called Black Jack?

How does a bill become a law?

What was the Mississippi battle?

I will close wishing much success to THE CAUCASIAN.

Yours truly,

JANIE ROBINSON.

### QUESTIONS.

MINGO, N. C., Feb. 11, '98.

DEAR CORNER:—I am a little girl eleven years old. I like to read the Children's Corner very much. I will ask the boys and girls some questions.

Who said we were one nation today and thirteen tomorrow?

How many Presidents have served two terms?

When and where was the first paper mill erected?

For fear of the waste basket I will close. Wishing much success to the Childrens corner.

JULIA MCNEIL.

ORA, N. C., Feb. 15, '97.

MR. EDITOR:—I will make my first attempt to write to your paper. We take your paper and I enjoy reading it very much, especially the Children's Corner. I am a school girl too, so I will answer Miss Vard Lee's question.

The word "hen" is found in the following places in the Bible: Matthew 23, 37 and Luke 13, 34.

Now, where is the word "scholar" found in the Bible, and by whom used?

Pleasant wishes for all.

Yours very truly,

NANNIE C. REYNOLDS.

TIPPICANOE, N. C., Feb. 14, '98.

MR. EDITOR:—I will write to your paper for the first time. I am going to school at Oak Grove Academy. My teacher's name is Mr. Jasper F. Jackson. I like him very much. I will answer one of Temple Britts questions.

Cornwallis surrendered at Yorktown October 19th, 1781.

I will ask some questions.

How many men enlisted from North Carolina during the Revolutionary war?

Who took the army of Cornwallis?

Who discovered the mammoth of Kentucky?

For fear of the waste basket I will close, wishing much success to THE CAUCASIAN and its noble editor.

VIIRGINIUS WILLIAMS.

MINGO, N. C., Feb. 10, 1898.

MR. EDITOR:—I have seen a few letters from Mingo, and I will write one. I am a little girl, 14 years old. I have three sisters and one brother, one of my sisters is married and lives over the red waters of the Cape Fear river, and the others are teaching school.

I will ask the cousins a few questions.

What battle was fought after peace had been declared?

Who is the Queen of England?

What is Trinidad Island famed for?

What bay has the highest tides in the world?

I will close wishing THE CAUCASIAN much success.

ESTHER THORNTON.

ORMONDVILLE, N. C., Feb. 13, 1898.

MR. EDITOR:—I am a little girl 11 years old. I will write to your paper for the first time. I go to Ormondville High School. I like my teachers very well, their names are Miss Irene Ormond and Mr. H. P. Hardinge.

Papa takes THE CAUCASIAN and he thinks it is a good paper.

I will ask a few questions.

What is the name of the town that was burned in the revolution ary war by the British troops under Governor Tryon, and in what State was the town situated?

How did A. T. Stewart make his first start?

How did Senator Farnell begin his life?

I will close for fear of the waste basket.

I am a little friend,

EFFIE GRIMESLEY.

## Hood's Pills

Likely biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

best after dinner pills.

25 cents. All druggists.

Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

The only Pill to take with Hood's Saraparilla.

CANTON, N. C., Feb. 19, '98.

MR. EDITOR:—It is again I take much pleasure in writing to the Children's Corner. As my first letter was successful I hope my second one will be.

I will answer and ask some questions.

The Nile river is the longest river in the world.

Sahara, or great desert is the largest desert in the world.

The first school incorporated by the legislature of North Carolina was in 1760 at Newbern.

The first sewing machine was patented in 1846.

When was kerosene first used for lighting purposes?

When was envelopes first used?

When and where was the first newspaper published?

"Then I die happy" was the last words of what General?

When was the first Thanksgiving Day kept in the U. S.?

For fear of the waste basket I will close.

I am a little friend,

FLORA RIGISTER.

ELEGANT AND ATTRACTIVE,

Beautifully shaded and Richly Flowered are the handsome Buildings of the Keeley Institute.

This Institute is now located at Blandwood and formerly at 11th and Franklin Street in the city of Greensboro, and without question one of the most commodious and thoroughly equipped Institute in the country.

The building itself is constructed in the old English style and having for so long years been the shade of wealth refinement and culture, is fitted up with all of the appliances which contribute to the care and comfort of its occupants. Its rooms are large and airy, though very ventilated, and its arrangement of furniture good taste, with entirely new fittings. Its office arrangements are well nigh perfect, and impress the visitor not only with their elegance and sagacity of the management, but also with the plainness of the people and their frankness.

1. Transportation being a means of exchange and a public necessity, the government of the country should have a national system of roads and canals on a national basis; to the end that all may be accorded the same treatment in transportation as the other branches of the government.

2. We demand a graduated income tax to that aggregated wealth shall bear its just proportion of taxation.

3. We demand that the medium of circulation be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of the business people of the country to render the transmission of money and labor easy.

4. We denounce the sale of bonds and the increase of the public interest-bearing bond debt made by the national administration.

5. We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of savings of the people and for the safe exchange of the same.

6. We demand that the post office be reorganized.

7. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

8. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

9. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

10. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

11. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

12. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

13. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

14. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

15. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

16. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

17. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

18. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

19. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

20. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

21. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

22. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

23. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

24. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

25. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

26. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

27. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

28. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

29. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

30. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

31. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

32. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

33. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

34. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

35. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

36. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

37. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

38. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

39. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

40. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

41. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

42. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

43. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

44. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

45. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

46. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

47. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

48. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

49. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

50. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

51. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

52. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

53. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

54. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

55. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.

56. We demand that the national bank be reorganized.